FORM 2.1

The School Safety Survey

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ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS FOR SCHOOL SAFETY PLANNING

Please take a few minutes to complete the attached survey. Please place a check (\checkmark) next to the item that best reflects your opinion for each question. Your responses will be valuable in determining training and support needs related to school safety and violence prevention.

School Name:		Date:
City, Town, or Community:		State:
Your Role		
Administrator	Related Service Pro	vider
Teacher	Parent	
Classified	Student	
Special Education Teacher	Other	

Section One: Assessment of Risk Factors for School Safety and Violence							
	Rating						
Indicate the extent to which these factors exist in your school and neighborhood:	not at all	minimally	moderately	extensively	do not know		
1. Illegal weapons							
2. Vandalism							
3. High student mobility (i.e., frequent changes in school enrollment)							
4. Graffiti							
5. Gang activity							

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		Rating					
fac	icate the extent to which these tors exist in your school and ghborhood:	not at all	minimally	moderately	extensively	do not know	
6.	Truancy						
7.	Student suspensions and/or expulsions						
8.	Students adjudicated by the court						
9.	Parents withdrawing students from school because of safety concerns						
10.	Child abuse in the home						
11.	Trespassing on school grounds						
12.	Poverty						
13.	Crimes (e.g., theft, extortion, hazing)						
14.	Illegal drug and alcohol use						
15.	Fights, conflict, and assault						
16.	Incidence of bullying, intimidation, and harassment						
17.	Deteriorating condition of the physical facilities in the school						
Sec	ction Two: Assessment of Respons	se Plans f	or School	Safety and	Violence		
				Rating			
fac	icate the extent to which these tors exist in your school and ghborhood:	not at all	minimally	moderately	extensively	do not know	
18.	Opportunity for extracurricular programs and sports activities						
19.	Professional development and staff training						
20.	Crisis and emergency response plans						
21.	Consistently implemented schoolwide discipline plans						
22.	Student support services in school (e.g., counseling, monitoring, support team systems)						

The School Safety Survey (page 3 of 4)

	Rating						
Indicate the extent to which these factors exist in your school and neighborhood:	not at all	minimally	moderately	extensively	do not know		
23. Parent involvement in our school (e.g., efforts to enhance school safety, student support)							
24. Student preparation for crises and emergencies							
25. Supervision of students across all settings							
26. Suicide prevention/response plans							
27. Student participation and involvement in academic activities							
28. Positive school climate for learning							
29. Acceptance of diversity							
30. Response to conflict and problem solving							
31. Collaboration with community resources							
32. High expectations for student learning and productivity							
33. Effective student-teacher relationships							

Section Three: Your Comments on School Safety and Violence

Ι.	What is	the	most	t pressing	safety	y need	ın your	school?
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2. What school safety activities does your school do best?

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3.	What topics are most important for training and staff development?
4.	What are the biggest barriers to improved school safety measures?
5.	What other comments do you have regarding school safety?
6.	What other factors not included in this survey do you believe affect school safety?

FORM 2.2

Sample School CPTED Walk-Through Assessment

Date:								
School Na	ame:							
Characterize Locale and Area:			Urban Industrial Business	Suburban Residential _ Other	Rural _			
Area	Focus	Item				Y/N	Comments	
Cuarinda	Ганала	1 г	II /aabaal aua.			1		

Area	Focus	Item	Y/N	Comments
Grounds	Fences	1. Full (school grounds completely enclosed)	1.	
		2. Partial (school grounds partially enclosed)	2.	
		3. None	3.	
		1. Gated	1.	
		2. Pedestrian control provided	2.	
		3. Open access	3.	
		4. Breached sections	4.	
		5. Other	5.	
	Playgrounds	1. View of all structures/areas	1.	
		2. Litter	2.	
		3. Hazardous objects	3.	
		4. Dangerous/broken equipment	4.	
		5. ATOD (alcohol, tobacco, and other drug use)	5.	
	Parking lots, street access, pickup/dropoff	1. View of all areas	1.	
		2. Litter	2.	
	ріскир/ агороп	3. Hazardous objects	3.	
		4. Vandalism	4.	
		5. Signs	5.	
		6. Traffic control	6.	
		7. Crosswalks	7.	
		8. Bus areas marked and clear	8.	
		9. Visitor's parking	9.	
		10. ATOD use visible	10.	

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Sample School CPTED Walk-Through Assessment (page 2 of 3)

Area	Focus	Item	Y/N	Comments				
Building	Outside	1. Vandalism	1.					
		2. Graffiti	2.					
		3. Broken windows	3.					
		4. Broken doors	4.					
		5. General infrastructure	5.					
		6. ATOD	6.					
		7. Signs (no trespassing, no dogs, etc.)	7.					
	A. Lines of	1. Bushes	1.					
	sight	2. Trees	2.					
		3. Outbuildings	3.					
		4. Hidden/obscured areas	4.					
	B. Access	1. Doors locked/secured	1.					
	and visitor control	2. Direction signs to entrance	2.					
	00111101	3. Intruder alarms and alert protocols	3.					
		4. Video surveillance	4.					
	Inside							
	A. Access	1. View of entrance from office	1.					
	and visitor control	2. Entry/exit control	2.					
	00116101	3. Rules, regulations, expectations posted	3.					
		4. Sign in/sign out	4.					
		5. Visible visitor and staff ID	5.					
		6. Video surveillance	6.					
	B. Student	1. Random locker checks	1.					
		2. Visible student ID (high and middle schools)	2.					
		3. Student access to reporting protocols (hotlines, anonymous reports, clearly identified responsible staff, etc.)	3.					
		4. Process taught to students and staff at least twice a year	4.					

Sample School CPTED Walk-Through Assessment (page 3 of 3)

Area	Focus	Item	Y/N	Comments
Crisis	A. School community	Written policy and process for responding to fighting or other violence	1.	
		Staff members trained to safely and effectively intervene in student violence	2.	
		3. Written policy and process for reporting crime (student and staff)	3.	
		4. School response processes for various emergency situations (earthquake, fire, etc.) are established and disseminated throughout the school community	4.	
		5. Policies and processes are taught to students and staff at least twice a year	5.	
		6. School access to, and coordination with, local law enforcement and other community emergency service providers is established	6.	
	B. Building	Sprinklers, fire extinguishers, etc., are present, inspected, and in working order	1.	
		2. Emergency medical equipment is provided, inspected, and in working order	2.	
		3. Emergency exits are clearly marked and accessible	3.	
		4. Physical access to school by community emergency personnel and equipment is clearly marked and accessible	4.	
		Comments		

FORM 2.3

Crisis Planning and Response Checklist

Sch	ool: Date:		
	ck the crisis response plan or procedures that are present in your strong of the control of the crisis response plan or procedures that are present in your strong of the crisis response plan or procedures that are present in your strong of the crisis response of the critical response of t	school:	
1.	The school has a crisis-response team (either district- or site-base	Yes	No
2.	All staff and all students are trained in crisis-response procedures once a year.	at least \square	
3.	Drills are conducted on all crisis-response procedures at least twice	ce a year.	
4.	Each staff member is assigned a primary crisis responsibility.		
5.	Classrooms and other rooms have doors that can lock from the ins (lockdown procedure).	side \square	
6.	Classrooms and other rooms have intercom phones or two-way ra	dios.	
7.	The school has a clear, written procedure for reporting crime.		
8.	Outside access is controlled and entry limited.		
9.	Doors and windows are not blocked for emergency exit.		
10.	The school has clear, written procedures and established methods monitoring and control.	s for visitor	☐ (continued)
			(CONTINUEU)

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Crisis Planning and Response Checklist (page 2 of 2)

		Yes	No
11.	The school has a student search policy and procedures in place.		
12.	The school has a computer use and crime policy in place.		
13.	The school has an anti-harassment/anti-bullying policy and procedure in place.		
14.	The school has anti-gang policies and procedures in place.		
15.	The school conducts a student safety survey at least annually.		
16.	The school conducts a teacher and staff safety survey at least annually.		
17.	School discipline plans and policies are provided to all school community members (students, staff, parents, etc.) at least once a year.		
18.	School behavior expectations and discipline plans and policies are taught to, and reviewed with, all students at least twice a year.		
19.	The school conducts a risk/threat assessment at least once a year.		
20.	The school conducts a CPTED (Crime Prevention through Environmental Design) assessment at least once a year.		
	es the school have:		
	Clearly written behavior expectations		
	Behavior expectations disseminated to parents, students, and staff Expectations posted in all school areas		
	A schoolwide discipline plan		
	A discipline referral database		
	A clear method of contacting emergency medical services		
	A clear method of contacting local law enforcement		
	A clear method of contacting other community emergency services (fire, etc.)		
	A procedure for reporting crime		
	A policy for communicating with families in the event of a crisis		
	A protocol for student risk/threat assessment		

FORM 6.1

Bullying, Harassment, and Intimidation: School-Based Policy Checklist and Self-Assessment Survey

Checklist: What Has Been Done to Prevent BHI in Your School?

Survey: Is BHI a Problem in Your Building?

Instructions: Read the numbered question, then read and check the questions which apply. Leave the other questions blank. Check *all* choices with which you agree in cases where the question instructions indicate it is appropriate. Otherwise, when multiple choices are not indicated, check only the *one* question with which you *most* agree.

1.	Do you have a specific policy against bullying, harassment, and intimidation, and a written code of conduct that publicizes it?
	Do you have such a policy?
	Does the policy address all forms of BHI: sexual, racial/ethnic, sexual orientation, and differently abled?
	Does the policy contain a definition, procedures, sanctions, and prescribed method for notifying people?
	Is there a procedure whereby new employees and students are informed of the policy?
	Are there references to BHI in the student, staff, and parent handbooks?
	Are there references to BHI in the school discipline code?
	Are supervisors of student extracurricular activities, school-associated events, and jobtraining work sites notified of the BHI policy?
	Are vendors and salespersons visiting the district apprised of the BHI policy?
2.	Do you have a grievance procedure to handle complaints about harassment and to monitor its effectiveness? (This may or may not be the same as other grievance procedures.)
	Do you have a reporting procedure for BHI?
	Do you have a grievance procedure for BHI?
	Does the grievance procedure provide an opportunity for informal consultation and, when appropriate, informal resolution before moving into formal procedures?
	Does the grievance procedure provide for impartial investigation that includes fact finding, careful review, due process, and opportunity for appeal?
	Does the grievance procedure include an appropriate remedy based on the severity of offense and institutional corrective action when there is a finding of BHI?
	Has information about these procedures been disseminated to parents, staff, and students?
	(continued)

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School-Based Policy Checklist and Self-Assessment Survey (page 2 of 5)

3.	Ar	re you prepared to receive and respond to complaints?				
		Are most staff members trained to take reports of BHI?				
		Are there staff members of both genders available to take reports and follow through, and are they balanced by ethnicity, race, and linguistic group?				
		Do all students and staff know the name and location of at least two staff members who are available?				
		Are those wishing to file a complaint allowed to go to any staff member with whom they feel comfortable?				
		Have staff members and investigators received regular yearly training?				
		Do the staff members meet on a regular basis to engage in group problem solving and to identify their needs for further training and support?				
		Are the staff members given release time from their regular duties to attend to report follow-up, investigation management, and record-keeping tasks?				
	Do the staff have access to training and legal advice regarding the proper processing o complaints and potential legal liability?					
		Do administrators work cooperatively with staff members: that is, are interventions, sanctions, and remedies actually applied?				
		Does the administration and school board receive regular statistical reports by the school regarding the number and type of formal and informal complaints filed and their disposition?				
4.	В	o you foster an atmosphere of prevention by sensitizing students and staff to the issue of HI? Does the definition of BHI make it clear that sexual, racial/ethnic, sexual orientation, and ifferently abled harassment are included?				
		Does the district mission statement reflect a commitment to the value of mutual respect for all people?				
		Has there been a training program for administrators, staff, and interested parents in the past 2 years?				
		Has there been a training program for district employees, including job-training supervisors, in the past 2 years?				
		Has there been a training program for students in the past 2 years?				
		Do staff members model the use of appropriate language and behavior at all times?				
		Are pamphlets and/or posters advising students and employees about the nature of BHI, the appropriate responses to it, and its legal implications easily found around the school?				
		Has a schoolwide conference or "speakout" been held to sensitize the school community to the issues of BHI?				
		Is information about preventing BHI and what to do if they occur a routine part of the K-12 curricula?				
		Do staff members promptly intervene in situations where they observe BHI?				
		Is offensive graffiti that violates the BHI policy promptly removed?				

(continued)

School-Based Policy Checklist and Self-Assessment Survey (page 3 of 5)

	Do student leaders take an active role in	the effort to prevent BHI?					
	Have events where BHI typically occur, s skits, been eliminated?	such as "flipup" days and pep rally cross-dressing					
	Have past incidents of BHI been resolved	d fairly and appropriately?					
	Do students and staff members feel con problematic areas, and attitudes?	nfortable talking openly about BHI incidents,					
5.	5. Have you reached out to populations of stu	idents known to be particularly vulnerable to BHI?					
	Have support groups been established for that are nontraditional for their gender, r	or students enrolled in vocational or academic classes race, or ethnicity?					
		ndemic classes that are nontraditional for their gender, establish the reason for dropping and to determine sion?					
	Are student placement work sites routing	ely visited and evaluated for freedom from BHI?					
6.	6. Do you know of instances of harassment the Yes No	nat have happened in your building?					
	If yes, what kind of harassment was it? (0	If yes, what kind of harassment was it? (Check all that apply.)					
	Sexual D	oifferently abled					
	Racial/ethnic Other						
	Sexual orientation						
	If yes, was the harassment between	If ves. was the harassment between					
	Student(s)/student(s)						
	Student(s)/staff						
	Staff/staff						
	How many instances have you been aware of in the past year?						
	One Two to Five	Six or more					
7.	7. Do you know of instances of bullying that h	ave happened in your school? Yes No					
	If yes, what kind of bullying was it? (Check all that apply.)						
	Violence	Destruction of property					
	Intimidation	Social isolation					
	Rumors/lies/slander	Mean-spirited teasing					
	Theft	Inappropriate sexual cotact—verbal					
	Social threats	Inappropriate sexual contact— physical					
	Threats of physical violence	Other					

School-Based Policy Checklist and Self-Assessment Survey (page 4 of 5)

	How many instances have you been aware of	or witnessed in the past 30 days?
	One	x or more
	How many instances have been reported to yo	ou by students in the past 30 days?
	One Two to Five Si	x or more
8.	Do you know of students who have dropped a cl Yes No	ass or had their grades affected because of BHI?
	How many instances have you heard of in the	past year?
	One	x or more
9.	Do you know of students who have stayed at or Yes No	gone home because of BHI?
	How many instances have you heard of in the	past year?
	One Two to Five Si	x or more
10.	In cases of BHI that you know about, what did th	e victim do? (Check all that apply.)
	Ignored it	Went home from school
	Complained to school authorities	Cried
	Told perpetrator to stop	Told his/her parent(s)/guardian(s)
	Told an adult staff member	Tried to work it out peacefully/
	Went along with it	appropriately
	Replied in kind	Told his/her friends/peers
	Had a fight	Other
	Ran away	
11.	What happened in cases of BHI that you know we apply.)	ere reported to school authorities? (Check all that
	The charge was found to be true	Action was taken against harasser
	Nothing happened	Do not know what happened
	The charge was found to be false	Action was taken against the victim
	The charge is still being processed	Other
12.	What happens when BHI occurs at school <i>and</i> th hear what is going on? (Check all that apply.)	ere is an adult there or nearby who can see or
	The adult stops it	The principal/dean tells the students to take
	The adult reports it to the principal or dean	care of it themselves
		The principal/dean is too busy to do anything
	The principal/dean does nothing	

School-Based Policy Checklist and Self-Assessment Survey (page 5 of 5)

	The principal/dean punishes the perpetrators	The principal/dean helps those involved to solve their problems and get along
	The principal/dean punishes everyone present	Other
	The principal/dean reminds everyone how to behave	
13.	In cases of BHI that you know of, if the victim did nothing? (Check all that apply.)	nothing, why do you think he or she did
	Did not want to hurt the perpetrator	Thought the BHI would make him/her
	Did not know what to do	uncomfortable with the perpetrator
	Did not think it was necessary to report	Thought it would make it happen even more or worse
	Was too embarrassed Did not think anything would be done	Thought it would make the other students think negatively about him or her
	Was afraid the perpetrator would get even	Other
14.	How widespread do you think BHI is in your school	1?
	It goes on all the time	It happens to a fair number of students
	It goes on most the time	It happens to most students
	It goes on about half the time	It happens to all students
	It goes on occasionally	It does not happen
	It goes on very seldom	
	It does not happen in our school	
	It only happens to a few students	
15.	Please check the categories that best apply to yo	u.
	Your gender	
	We have deliberted	
	Your role in school	

FORM 7.1

Assessing School Engagement: Walker-Severson School Engagement Index

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The purpose of the following risk index is to:

- 1. Identify students who appear to be weakly engaged early in their careers in the process of schooling using teacher judgment as an initial screening measure.
- 2. Systematically evaluate the social, behavioral, and academic status of such students using standardized search procedures for archival school records.
- 3. Collect additional information that may influence the ultimate probability of school dropout (parental SES levels, social resiliency, the availability of social support networks, etc.).

The authors believe that the variable of *school engagement* is a powerful predictor of later school dropout and that dropout represents the ultimate expression of lack of school engagement. Further, students can be ordered very accurately on this dimension by their regular teachers in the elementary grades and possibly as early as grade 1. This capability makes it possible to identify very early in their school careers those students who appear to be at risk for *"low school engagement and adjustment and academic failure* and ultimately, *school dropout."* It is likely that many early school-leavers follow this path in a sequential, predictable fashion. The earliest possible identification of such students would make it feasible to interrupt this escalating chain or path of failure and to intervene effectively with it.

RATER INSTRUCTIONS

Step One. Please read the following definition of school engagement, which contains descriptions of both high and low engagement with the schooling process. A thorough understanding of this definition is essential to your accurate identification of potential at-risk students.

DEFINITION OF SCHOOL ENGAGEMENT

The degree to which students are actively engaged in the schooling process varies substantially among current school populations. The more actively the student is engaged, the more likely he or she is to be successful in school. Actively engaged students are more likely to be characterized by high achievement, timely completion of assigned tasks, a sense of independence and personal responsibility, a strong commitment to the value of schooling, positive interactions with peers and adults, a capacity for being well organized, and high levels of self-esteem and confidence. In contrast, a profile of the student with low school engagement would be characterized by the following behavioral attributes: poor social skills, alienation from or hostility toward school, a nonexistent or weak social-support system, academic failure, lack of involvement in and commitment to the daily routines of schooling, ignoring and/or noncompliance with adult-imposed school rules, and a general failure to conform to adult expectations for behavior and achievement.

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Assessing School Engagement: Walker-Severson School Engagement Index (page 2 of 3)

Step Two. Using the behavioral profile of school engagement you just read, select the 5–10 students from your class whom you think are the *least engaged* in school. Rate each student on the behavioral characteristics listed in the left margin of the rating form below. Rate the student(s) on *each* behavioral characteristic listed.

Use the following rating dimension in your appraisal of student status on each of the attributes listed:

- 1 = The behavior is *not* characteristic or true of the student.
- 3 = The behavior is *moderately* characteristic or true of the student.
- 5 = The behavior is *very* characteristic or true of the student.

Example:	Not descriptive or true		Moderately descriptiv or true	e V	Very descriptive or true		
 Student rarely participates in group free-time activities with peers. 	1	2	3	4	5		

WALKER-SEVERSON SCHOOL ENGAGEMENT INDEX

Teacher _____ School ____ Grade __ Date ____

Student Name					
Rate each behavioral attribute listed by circling the nur	nber that be	st refle	cts your j	udgmer	nt.
	Not true	Moderately true		Very true	
1. Student fails to complete classroom assignments.	1	2	3	4	5
2. Student attendance is erratic.	1	2	3	4	5
3. Student is socially rejected by peers.	1	2	3	4	5
4. Student breaks school rules.	1	2	3	4	5
5. Student lacks enthusiasm about school.	1	2	3	4	5
6. Student avoids extracurricular activities at school.	. 1	2	3	4	5
7. Student seems to have a negative attitude toward school.	1	2	3	4	5
8. Student displays sad affect and appears unhappy much of the time.	1	2	3	4	5
9. Student has no or few friends.	1	2	3	4	5

Assessing School Engagement: Walker–Severson School Engagement Index (page 3 of 3)

		Not true	Moderately true			Very true
10.	Student has issues outside school that interfere with school performance (frequent moves, homelessness, poverty, family problems).	1	2	3	4	5
11.	Student displays bizarre or unusual forms of behavior.	1	2	3	4	5
12.	Student shows evidence of alcohol, tobacco, or other illegal substance experimentation and use.	1	2	3	4	5
13.	Student appears to have low self-esteem.	1	2	3	4	5
14.	Student tends to affiliate with other students who also have low levels of school engagement.	1	2	3	4	5
15.	Student is poorly motivated to achieve academically.	1	2	3	4	5
		Total Score				